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## WEEKLY NEWS ANALYSIS

Farmers Set for Big Crop Year;  
Reds Plan Industrial Expansion;  
Peron Victory Poses Problem

(EDITOR'S NOTE: When opinions are expressed in these columns, they are those of the Western Newspaper Union, and not necessarily of this newspaper.)



With money cheap and goods scarce, German women dicker with Russian soldiers for clothing in Berlin black market. Despite efforts to suppress illegal trade, pressing demands for goods result in re-appearance of practice.

FARMERS:  
All-Out Again

In stepping up crop acreage this year in answer to government demands for increased food production, farmers are banking on the continued good growing weather of the war years and no adverse turn of the present tight labor, machinery and equipment situation.

Though falling short of government acreage goals for 16 major crops by 3 per cent, farmers plan call for planting 357 1/2 million acres this year in comparison with 357 million in 1945 and 355 million for the 1934-45 average.

Of critical crops needed for overseas relief, wheat is expected to exceed goals while prospects for vegetable oil seeds are less favorable.

Wheat, peanuts, tobacco and rice are also expected to surpass goals with corn, hay, sorghums, barley, potatoes, sugar beets, dry beans and peas falling short.

With the indicated acreage of corn down from last year and only one of all the feed grains expected to top goals, additional reductions in livestock feeding through 1947 were forecast.

## U S Drinking Heavy

Americans spent an average of \$30 for every man, woman and child in the country on alcoholic drinks in 1945 at consumption reached 190 million gallons, 14 per cent more than the previous year. As a result of continued high taxes, the federal government collected about \$1.5 billion dollars on total sales of almost 8 billion dollars, with the states taking another half billion.

INO:  
lack Iran

Maintaining its firm position against encroachment on the sovereignty of small nations, the U S pressed for UNO's consideration of Iran's complaint against Russian occupation of the country in the face of Soviet opposition.

Endorsing no inclination to back down on its strong statement that could not remain indifferent to Iranian activities in Iran the U S asked the UNO's request for a settlement of Iran's complaint because of their professed inability to furnish pertinent data in time for a hearing. By opposing the Russian demand, the U S substantiated reports from Tehran that this country had pledged Iran to back its case under the UNO charter.

Iran's complaint against Russia is the second filed since UNO got underway. Tehran having previously protested against Red support of an autonomous movement in Azerbaijan province. Basis of the second complaint, Russia's occupation of Iran was seen as a move to put pressure for obtaining oil concessions in the northern half of a country adjoining the Red petrodollar fields around Baku.

LABOR BILL:  
nate Peron

Since the stringent restrictions of the House-passed Case bill but willing for free movement of laborable farm goods to market or seeking centers without interference the Senate's education and or committee drew up its own measure for consideration of upper chamber.

## Will Air Gripes to Ease G.I. Lot

critics of the army's proposed system will be given the authority to express their convictions on military life soon before a special civilian board of former soldiers and officers headed by Gen. James H. Doolittle.

Success will include enlisted men and officers both in and out of army, and nonmilitary persons who have viewed first hand the

Whereas the Case bill had called for 30-day cooling off periods and creation of a labor management board to investigate disputes, the Senate measure would establish an independent mediation board designed to avert strikes by conciliating differences between workers and employers.

While the Case bill would make unions liable for contract violations and outlaw inter-union boycotts of employers engaged in disputes, the Senate measure would impose fines and imprisonment upon anyone resorting to violence and intimidation in seeking to stop truckers from hauling perishables to their destination. Sponsored by Senator Alben W. Barkley, the provision was opposed by a committee minority which charged discrimination against non-farm carriers.

RUSSIA:  
Industrial Plan

Looking not only to the rebuilding of its war-shattered economy but also to the further development of the country Russia proclaimed a new five-year plan affecting industry, housing, education and research.

For industry, Russia plans a three to four-fold increase in automobile production; one and one-half fold in chemical output, and a 17 per cent rise in food processing. In addition iron production would be stepped up to 10 million tons annually, steel, 25 million tons; coal, 250 million tons; oil, 35 million tons and electric power, 85 billion kilowatt hours.

Over 3 1/2 billion dollars are scheduled to be spent on housing over the five-year period and prewar expenditures for education and culture would be increased two and one-quarter times to over 13 1/2 billion dollars.

Substantial sums also were reserved for scientific research, including the release and utilization of atomic energy and weather forecasting.

DIPLOMACY:  
U. S. Embarrassed

Juan Domingo Peron's smashing victory in Argentina's presidential election has greatly complicated the U S's diplomatic position in South America since this country not only openly opposed his candidacy but also repeatedly insisted that it could not sign any treaty with a government headed by him.

Second-guessers were quick to jump on the state department's back for underestimating Peron's strength among the working classes and farmers and going out wholehog for the opposition. The workers idolize Peron for having pushed legislation for raising wages, establishing social security and assuring vacations with pay, while the farmers are in sympathy with his agrarian reforms.

Now seated firmly in the saddle, Peron could relieve U S embarrassment by acting against the Nazi industrialists and agents he is accused of harboring. While Britain has gone along with the U S in diplomatic protests against Peron's policies in Argentina, observers believe London could not be expected to apply pressure against Peron because of Britain's dependence upon the South American nation for wheat and meat.

JAPAN:  
Production

Severely crippled by U. S. bombings through the war, Japanese industry is making a slow but steady recovery under American military direction despite difficulties created by reduction of imports of material, damaged plants and a riddled transport system.

Showing a willingness to rebuild their once thriving economic machine in accordance with democratic principles laid down by General MacArthur, the Japanese have made noteworthy progress in reconstructing production facilities to peacetime output of farm machinery, household utensils, marine engines and parts for motor trucks. At the same time, there has been an increase in the manufacture of consumer goods from stocks of raw materials on hand.

In line with government encouragement, labor unions have been springing up, especially in manufacturing, transportation and coal mining. While workers have been pressing for better conditions and pay, no strikes have been called.

## Food

While the Japanese production outlook improved, the immediate food situation caused grave concern, leading General MacArthur to recommend monthly imports of 200,000 tons of wheat, rice and other commodities to avert starvation.

Much of the country's food trouble has been attributed to farmers' withholding of substantial rice tonnage from the market. On top of the November harvest being one of the worst in years because of climatic conditions, producers have shipped only 52 per cent of the rice demanded by the government for urban centers.

Besides hanging onto their rice, farmers have withheld their meager supplies of vegetables caused by diversion of acreage to rice last year. Farmers have also been getting substantial amounts of sea food because fishermen have gone to the rural areas to trade their catch for more rice.

FRENCH BLUEBEARD:  
Waves Flag

Charged with committing 28 murders for gain during the German occupation, Marcel Petiot went on trial in Paris, France, insisting that he had killed 63—not 26—persons because they were traitors to the cause of liberation.

In pressing his case, the prosecution charged that Petiot had lured his victims to his home on promise



Marcel Petiot (left) confers with attorney in court.

of rustling them out of Nazi-occupied France, but then had slain them to steal their money and jewels. Mangled corpses, human skeletons and charred bones were found in his residence, along with rotting bodies in a lime pit in his garden.

With luggage of his victims piled high in the courtroom, the accused Bluebeard indignantly denied killing for gain. Waving the flag, he said victims included Gestapo men, French police spies and informers.

PEARL HARBOR:  
Late Testimony

In his long sought testimony to the congressional Pearl Harbor investigating committee, former Secretary of War Henry Stimson revealed that President Roosevelt's cabinet had overruled his proposal for attacking Japan first late in November, 1941, and finally decided upon the dispatch of a secret appeal to the mikado.

Submitting a written statement to the committee because of inability to personally testify on account of illness, Stimson said that he had counseled action after learning of Japanese movements southward off the Asiatic coast. High officials in Washington were convinced that Japanese expansion to the south threatened the Philippines and aggression against British and Dutch holdings constituted a menace to U S security, he added.

Stimson also disclosed that the U S had considered proposing a three-month diplomatic truce to the Japanese late in 1941 on condition that the Japanese would pull out of China. While the truce might have afforded additional time for negotiation, Stimson said he feared the Japs would have rejected it because of its stringent demands.

## NATIONAL INCOME:

Total income payments to individuals set an all-time high in 1945, with a total of \$155,742,000,000, according to the Alexander Hamilton Institute. This was an increase of 25 per cent over 1944.

Salaries and wages in 1945 totaled \$110,162,000,000, somewhat under the 1944 figure of \$111,734,000,000. However, a comparison of the 1945 figure with that of \$45,638,000,000 for salaries and wages in 1938 indicates that the war years brought about a 141 per cent increase.

## Washington Digest

Hoover Hears Call  
To Help Feed Hungry

Cites Great Need for Food Grains Overseas;  
Asks Americans to Pull in Belts, Invite  
'Invisible Guests' to Their Tables.

By BAUKHAGE

News Analyst and Commentator.

WNU Service, 1616 Eye street, N.W., Washington, D. C.

WASHINGTON, D. C. — The speed with which the American people have run away from the war is incredible. Like the lazy workman who drops his hammer and leaps for the dinner pail at the first toot of noon, we began a stampede for the dining table on V-J Day.

Stampedes always make trouble for someone. Many hundreds of people will starve as a result, and heaven only knows how the cause of democracy throughout the world may suffer.

We could not foretell, but we could have made allowance for possible crop failures. They were catastrophic in many countries. We could have pursued a different food policy at home. We shook with fear lest there would be surpluses, we tried to get the people to eat up their stored supplies and counseled restrictions on food production to prevent a glutted market, especially in eggs and poultry. And how we ate!

That is why, a few days ago, we halted back Herbert Hoover into service. He said he had promised

ing lives. Then, near the close of the interview, he said in the same matter-of-fact tone, "There is one message I would like to give to the households of America." There was a long pause. Finally he spoke—looking at nobody, as is his habit—"I would like to have them entertain at their tables an invisible guest."

And so the old engineer, so often accused of having a heart of wood, the man of slide-rule and logarithms, painted a deeply moving picture in the simplest of words and in the simplest of ways. I left the interview feeling sure that however America had been stuffing itself since the end of the fighting (we have run up the biggest food bill in history) we would be willing to conserve enough so that Mr. Hoover's invisible guests wouldn't leave our tables hungry.

Semantics—Aid to  
Strike Settlements

When President Truman, at a recent White House press and radio conference, talked about the hundreds of labor disputes which were settled by conciliation without



Mr. Hoover (left) addresses press conference on food situation.

his family for years to go fishing with them and he had only got started when he heard that ominous phrase on the telephone, "White House calling." He may have been reluctant to leave the enticing, Ashland Florida waters but there is no doubt that it was a keen satisfaction to him to get back into harness again, especially since he was called upon to do a job he knew he could do well. Whatever the public that snatched him under in the 1932 elections may have said and felt at that time, however glad the Republicans were to edge him out of politics, there were few who would deny that he was a success at feeding the hungry during and after World War I.

Ex-President  
Inspires Press

It was really inspiring to hear him. Not that Mr. Hoover could ever pull you out of your seat with frenetic oratory or raise your emotions to a fever heat with his personality. It was, indeed, the matter-of-fact, almost prosaic way in which he made his appeal that gave it weight. We were gathered in a small hotel "parlor." It was crowded. We overflowed the chairs and sat on tables and in the window niches. Many of us couldn't see him. Most of the time I could catch only a glimpse of one fold in his generous, pink neck.

He had the facts and the figures all right—nine million tons of grain alone were needed to prevent starvation. At present there was only enough good grain in sight to make up 60 per cent of the need, etc. But he gave us more than facts as he explained what America must do and what he was sure Americans would do. He gave us faith.

He tossed the idea of rationing with extra out of the window without even a gesture. He said the American people would ration themselves, and they would have done it in the war that way too.

And when reporters asked questions with political implications he refused even to discuss that phase of the subject. He was talking about human beings, he said, about sav-

strikes and which never made the headlines, I couldn't help thinking of a conversation I had with Maj. Charles Estes, one of the labor department's anonymous heroes of these bloodless and successful encounters.

Estes has what it takes to be a conciliator and in his case it includes, along with a keen sensitivity to the human side of all relationships among workers and employers, a keen sense for the nice use of words. Indeed, semantics (the science of meanings, as contrasted with phonetics, the science of sounds) is his hobby.

"The ultimate goal of the conciliation service of the labor department is not merely the settlement of disputes, but the prevention of disputes," said Major Estes the other day. And then he went on to expand on his thesis that the crux of labor-management relations is human adjustment, the adjustment of one person to another.

The main trouble, he says, is poor communication, which is poor for three reasons: 1, poor reception, or imperfect listening and perception; 2, poor digestion, or inaccurate interpretation and assimilation of what is read or heard; and 3, poor transmission, or inadequate use of speech and language.

Estes can go on for hours on that subject and will, at the drop of a hat. In fact, once when, interested though I was, I had to leave myself away for a pressing engagement, I could only do so after convincing him that I was not anti-semitic. I wish I had space to develop his ideas for they represent a practical system which he and his colleagues have demonstrated in "hundreds" of successes as the President put it.

Like most successful systems, the conciliation service's methods are based on a solid foundation of long, hard preparation and represent the concentrated ounce of prophylactic procedure that is worth a pound of exhausting arbitration, administered after the patient is already ill.

The Swedish discoverer of Greta Garbo has just died at 61. It's a nice life while it lasts.

You can't dispose of the Indonesian situation as just another struggle for independence, another American revolution. There is far more difference between the two situations than there is between mocha and java.

## GRASSROOTS

WRIGHT A. PATTERSON

Released by Western Newspaper Union.

CORPORATION PSYCHOLOGY  
AIMED AT WRONG TARGET

I LISTENED to a General Motors official present the facts regarding the CIO strike at his company's plants. His audience was composed of a group of small business men and professional people. No one of them questioned the accuracy of the speaker's statements, but they were not greatly impressed.

Exactly the same facts presented from the standpoint of those who wished to buy a needed new car, rather than from the standpoint of those producing the cars, would have accomplished the purpose the speaker wanted. It was not the fault of the speaker; it is the fault of corporations, generally. They say: "The radical element in labor are attempting to force government to take over industry, to break free enterprise and determine the number, the kind, and the price cars the plants will be directed to build."

A speaker, understanding public psychology, would say: "The radical element in labor is attempting to tell you, who want new cars, when, and what kind of cars, and at what price you can buy. Instead of permitting you to make such decisions. Such a change would mark the end of free enterprise." Each of us is most interested in himself. Knowing that, the student of psychology says, "You."

BOTH PARTIES LACK  
CONSTRUCTIVE PROGRAM

I WAS TALKING to a man who claimed to be, and was accepted, as, a political leader in the community. To him I said I feared we, as a people, were standing on the brink of an abyss, over which lay death and destruction for the freedom that has been our heritage.

"Your fears are well founded," he replied. "Our freedom is in grave danger."

"How can we avoid the catastrophe? How can we be assured of maintaining our freedom?" I asked.

"Vote the Republican ticket," was his answer.

"What will the Republicans do, to protect and maintain our freedom?" I asked.

"That," said he, "I cannot tell you, I do not know. You must accept the record of the past as the promise for the future."

Repeat that brief dialogue, substituting Democrat for Republican, and you have the present political situation. Both parties shout their adherence to our constitutional liberties, to our free enterprise system, while we edge nearer and nearer to that brink of destruction. Neither party offers a definite way of accomplishing the result we so earnestly desire. Both parties fear that to offer such a definite program might cost it some votes among one or more minorities. They count the votes they might lose rather than the votes they could gain. Such is American politics at a critical period.

OVER THE YEARS from 1919  
to 1944, the school teachers of  
the nation have not been forgotten.

The general average of their salaries have been raised during that period from \$371 in 1919, to \$1,755 in 1944. More than doubled. The 1944 range is from an annual salary in New York of \$2,726 and in California of \$2,616, down to \$845 in Arkansas, and \$796 in Mississippi. Teachers' annual salaries average under \$1,000 in only four states. School teaching has become something more than just a job.

CONSUMERS PAY COST  
OF WATER TRANSPORTATION

COMMODITIES can be, and are, shipped from Chicago to New Orleans, and from New Orleans to Chicago, by water. The freight bills are less than they would be if shipments were made by rail or by truck, but those bills do not represent the cost of the transportation. The other fellow, the taxpayer in Maine, California and every other state, is paying a considerable part of the cost of our inland water transportation.

The taxpayer provides the river improvements that makes inland water transportation possible. The taxpayer, regardless of in which state he lives, keeps the channels dredged and the lights burning. If those using that inland water transportation paid the full cost, the shipping charges would be higher than the rail tariffs.

THE GENERAL GOVERNMENT costs of cities in all states is something I do not know, but I have the record for California. In that state of the 142 municipalities incorporated as cities only 24 showed a decrease in costs for the fiscal year of 1943-44 as compared with the costs for 1939-40. It would seem that Washington is not the only place where the law makers know how to spend the taxpayer's money.

WE NEED some dark days if we are to appreciate the bright-ones.

## BARBS . . . by Baukhage

Our government says it doesn't think France is a threat to international peace. So that's that. And the democratic elements in Spain seem to be no threat to France.

No one can be really objective about the contents of a book, any more than a dog can be philosophical about the contents of a butcher shop.







### The Oxford County Citizen

The Bethel News 1905  
The Rumford Citizen, 1906

Published every Thursday in the interests of the inhabitants of Bethel and the other towns of northwestern Oxford County. Entered as second class matter, May 7, 1906, at the post office at Bethel, Maine. Subscription rates, paid in advance: three years, \$5.00; one year, \$2.00; six months, \$1.10; three months, 60c. Phone 180

Carl L. Brown, Publisher

THURSDAY, APRIL 4, 1946

There is an almost forgotten reputation of the Bethel Village Corporation in regard to riding bicycles upon sidewalks. This rule is article VII of the By-Laws read as follows: "No person shall ride a bicycle upon any sidewalk within the limits of the Corporation, except as here between the Railroad bridge and the Toll bridge, so called, crossing the Androscoggin river, this to be under the direction of the Assessors."

This article was adopted March 2, 1890, 56 years ago, and amended in 1899 to allow riding on the walk beside the road to Mayville. This sidewalk disappeared some years ago, and several other sidewalks of 40 and 50 years ago have gone out of existence. In those days there were good reasons for sidewalk riding, the streets were only dirt-surfaced and likely to be dusty or muddy.

But it is said that way now, and has not been for a long time. Now the streets are better for walking, and the sidewalks are in several places. The streets of today are much better for riding, yet some of the old sidewalks are still in use, and it is not to be wondered that an attempt at enforcement will be made to rid the town of a dusty or muddy street.

A violation of this article may be punished by a fine of \$5.00, but it is not to be wondered that an attempt at enforcement will be made to rid the town of a dusty or muddy street.

### HANOVER

Correspondent—Mrs. W. W. Worcester

14 East Street in Town Hall

There were three and the boys are called together on the town hall.

George Hopkins and Miss Virginia, of Bethel, were the guests of the town hall.

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### NORTH NEWRY

Miss Elizabeth Wright came home from Gorham Sunday night for Easter vacation. She attended a Y W C A Conference at Newton, Mass. Friday and Saturday, going as a delegate.

The Selectmen were in session Monday to receive inventory.

Mr. and Mrs. Willard Wright are receiving congratulations on the birth of a son born Wednesday night, March 27 at the Community Hospital, Rumford and has been named Stephen Willard.

Mrs. Francis Vail was at her home here over the week end.

Supt. of Schools, Carrie Wright and Newry School Committee met at the home of Mrs. Bertha Davis, Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Everett Ferron of Andover were supper guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Wight Saturday night.

Ole A. Olson has sold his place on the Branch and has moved to West Paris.

BARNETT-RICH

Announcement is made of the marriage of James Barnett and Mrs. Louise Dickinson Rich, which took place March 28 at Andover, N.Y. Linwood Foster, pastor of the Andover Congregational Church officiating. Witnesses were two friends, Mrs. Charles Hutchins of Rumford and Mrs. Parker Connors of Bethel.

The groom is a retired lumberman. The bride, whose new home is "Happy Land," will be published in May. Is the daughter of James Dickinson, publisher of the Bridgewater, Mass. Weekly Independent, and Mrs. Dickinson.

Condensed Statement

FEDERAL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.

Boston 10, Mass.

ASSETS DEC. 31, 1945

Stocks and Bonds \$1,234,567.29

Cash in Office and Bank 143,916.50

Agents' Balances 75,158.28

Interest and Rents 1,002.49

All other Assets 18,257.51

Gross Assets \$1,432,822.07

Deduct Items not admitted 1,000.00

Admitted \$1,431,822.07

LIABILITIES DEC. 31, 1945

Unpaid Losses \$113,331.17

Unearned Premiums 113,419.47

All other Liabilities 113,419.47

Surplus over all Liabilities \$1,204,662.00

Total Liabilities & Surplus \$1,431,822.07

Condensed Statement

MUTUAL BENEFIT HEALTH & ACCIDENT ASSOCIATION

Omaha, Neb.

ASSETS DEC. 31, 1945

Stocks and Bonds \$1,234,567.29

Cash in Office and Bank 143,916.50

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Condensed Statement

UNITED MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, Boston, Mass.

### WESTERN NATIONAL INDEMNITY COMPANY

401 California Street, San Francisco, California

ASSETS DEC. 31, 1945

Stocks and Bonds \$1,234,567.29

Cash in Office and Bank 143,916.50

Agents' Balances 75,158.28

Interest and Rents 1,002.49

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Condensed Statement

THE HOME INSURANCE COMPANY

New York, N.Y.

ASSETS DEC. 31, 1945

Stocks and Bonds \$1,234,567.29

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Agents' Balances 75,158.28

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Condensed Statement

CALVERT FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

Philadelphia, Penna.

ASSETS DEC. 31, 1945

Stocks and Bonds \$1,234,567.29

Cash in Office and Bank 143,916.50

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### THE AETNA CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY

Hartford, Conn.

ASSETS DEC. 31, 1945

Real Estate \$1,234,567.29

Stocks and Bonds 143,916.50

Cash in Office and Bank 75,158.28

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Condensed Statement

MILWAUKEE MECHANICAL INSURANCE COMPANY

ASSETS DEC. 31, 1945

Real Estate \$1,234,567.29

Stocks and Bonds 143,916.50

Cash in Office and Bank 75,158.28

Agents' Balances 1,002.49

All other Assets 18,257.51

Gross Assets \$1,432,822.07

Deduct Items not admitted 1,000.00

Admitted \$1,431,822.07

LIABILITIES DEC. 31, 1945

Unpaid Losses \$113,331.17

Unearned Premiums 113,419.47

All other Liabilities 113,419.47

Surplus over all Liabilities \$1,204,662.00

Total Liabilities & Surplus \$1,431,822.07

Condensed Statement

COMMERCIAL CASUALTY INSURANCE COMPANY

10 Park Place, Newark (10), New Jersey

ASSETS DEC. 31, 1945

Real Estate \$1,234,567.29

Stocks and Bonds 143,916.50

Cash in Office and Bank 75,158.28

Agents' Balances 1,002.49

All other Assets 18,257.51

Gross Assets \$1,432,822.07

Deduct Items not admitted 1,000.00

Admitted \$1,431,822.07

LIABILITIES DEC. 31, 1945

Unpaid Losses \$113,331.17

Unearned Premiums 113,419.47

All other Liabilities 113,419.47

Surplus over all Liabilities \$1,204,662.00

Total Liabilities & Surplus \$1,431,822.07

### MASSACHUSETTS INDEMNITY INSURANCE COMPANY

432 Beacon Street, Boston 15, Mass.

ASSETS DEC. 31, 1945

Stocks and Bonds \$1,234,567.29

Cash in Office and Bank 143,916.50

Agents' Balances 75,158.28

Interest and Rents 1,002.49

All other Assets 18,257.51

Gross Assets \$1,432,822.07

Deduct Items not admitted 1,000.00

Admitted \$1,431,822.07

LIABILITIES DEC. 31, 1945

Unpaid Losses \$113,331.17

Unearned Premiums 113,419.47

All other Liabilities 113,419.47

Surplus over all Liabilities \$1,204,66







## Kathleen Norris Says:

When a Marriage Ossifies

Bell Syndicate - WNU Features.



"For seven long years of their marriage, Francis argued very definitely and firmly that they could not afford a child."

By KATHLEEN NORRIS

THE trouble with most marriages is that they jell. By which I mean that they get set into a certain form and shape, and neither party to the contract takes the trouble ever to change them.

Having mutually flattered and spoiled and given way to each other in the ecstatic days of the honeymoon, both husband and wife naturally begin to think themselves perfect. Any criticism after that—if it is merely to brown the toast a little darker—must be offered with the utmost tact. If presently Peter says that Susan's upwarp halldro is a fettle, in his humble opinion, than the eternal bell shape of hanging locks, Susan is deeply wounded.

"Don't you like the way I usually wear my hair, Peter?"  
"Of course I do, darling. Only this way is pretty, too."

"You never said, all those lovely days at Cypress Point, that you hated the way I do my hair!"  
"I never hated it, honey. I just thought—"

How It Begins.

But that's just it, Peter. You may be one of those unfortunate husbands who mustn't think, at least as far as any change is concerned. And right there your marriage begins to jell.

Any marriage is in danger when you begin to hear husband or wife say things like this:  
"The piano will stay there, Peter, because that's the place for it."

"We can't, Mary. Peter never goes to weddings."

"Why should we go to the company picnic? We never have."

"When we were first married you weren't always yapping about being home evenings."

"Don't let's talk when Peter's here. He hates to hear women talking clothes."

"She always gets mad if it's Peter. Just don't say anything about it."

"That disgusting smell of your pipe again!"

Neither one willing to change, to stop now and then to consider the other's point of view. And one more marriage is hardening into failure. To say "I am always like that, and he'll just have to make up his mind to it" doesn't hurt him half as much as it hurts you.

It hurts us all to jell in our manners, prejudices, habits, thoughts. Many a woman who carefully changes her hair, hair arrangements and the color of her fingernails from year to year, won't consider changing her stupid mind and soul. She would blush to be seen in a peach-blossomed hat with her belt about the hips of her gown, or to happily allude to "Gone With The Wind" as the book of the moment. If the shoulders of her coat have too little or too much padding, she suffers until it is made right.

Irritating Habits.

But in her ideas—in her rooted dislikes and fancies—in her habits of always being just a little late, always spending just a little too much, always saying the light little hurtful thing, how fixed she is!

I knew one man who finally divorced the wife who humiliated him by always referring to herself as poor. They were not poor, he was a hard-

working, intelligent and capable man, but it satisfied some deep sadistic vein in Francis to complain prettily to her friends of poverty.

"My dear, that's for rich people."

### HARD-SHELL PERSONALITIES

As Miss Norris points out in today's article, it takes an effort on the part of both husband and wife to keep a marriage from going stale. As soon as one or both of the partners begin to let down, to be less considerate of the other than he used to be, the danger zone is crossed. Habits of nagging, complaining, criticizing put a strain on the bonds of matrimony. Carelessness in dress, in courtesy, in regard for the others' feelings and desires, mark the end of the happy days of true love.

Among the worst failings is the tendency to complain to friends about the family income. It is never enough to satisfy some women. Always someone else has so much more, and comparisons can make a woman so miserable!

Probably most fatal, however, is the refusal of one or both spouses to change his ways a bit, to make adjustments that are necessary to get along smoothly. A hardened attitude, stubborn, unchangeable personality traits, lays the foundation for dissension, quarrels, and in many cases, divorce.

working, intelligent and capable man, but it satisfied some deep sadistic vein in Francis to complain prettily to her friends of poverty.

"My dear, that's for rich people."

Bob and I can't afford anything like that. It would be lovely, but poor folks can't be choosers," said Francis, for 12 long years. Her pretty home, her car, her generous share of the good things of life meant nothing to her. Wifely consideration and generosity were nowhere.

For the seven long years of their marriage Francis argued very definitely and firmly that they could not afford a child.

"Not until we can give him everything!" she said. That time never came. But a divorce and a second marriage came for Bob, who now has a nurseryful of small children. Children to be given just as good a chance as any in the world, and better.

Human life is change and movement. Spiritual life is change and movement, too. Unless you are continually examining your marriage, studying your part in it, thinking of the ways you yourself may change, in mind, soul and body, to make yourself sweeter and dearer to those near to you, your marriage may go dead.

A woman my age often looks back with regret to the vagaries of her younger years, the unnecessary things she wanted, the foolish laws she laid down, the things she positively "couldn't do." Too late she learns how little she really needed for happiness, how useless the laws were, how many of the "impossible" things she had to do. But how much prayer and thought and study a young wife needs, to keep her marriage from jelling!

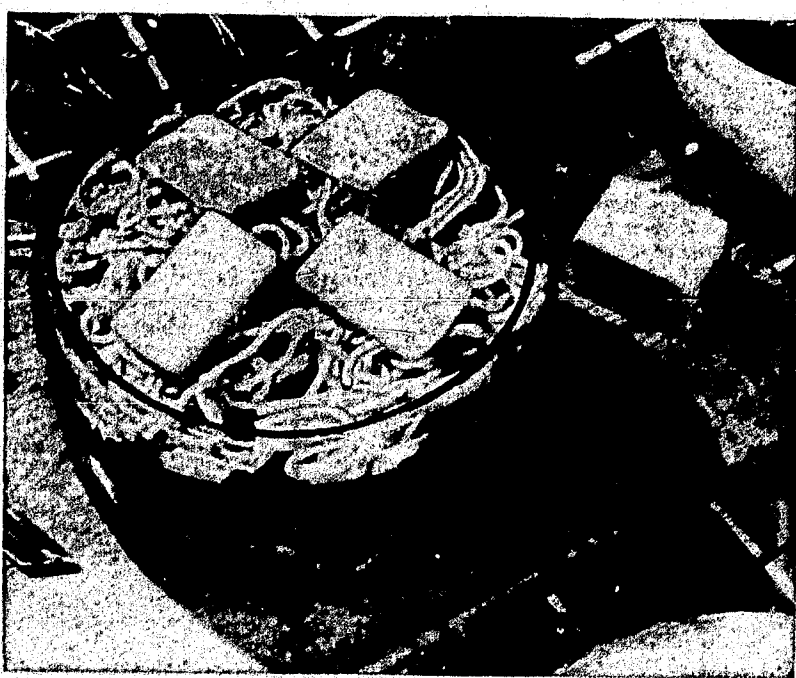
### GRAVY MAKING

Cookery calls for expert gravy-making. Though gravy most often is made the last thing before serving the meat, it pays to take time to measure carefully, mix thoroughly, and cook slowly with steady stirring.

For best flavor and rich brown color, blend the flour with the fat. Then slowly add cool or lukewarm liquid, while stirring over low heat. The right proportions are 1½ to 2 tablespoons each of flour and fat to 1 cup of liquid.

## HOUSEHOLD MEMOS

by Lynn Chambers



For Supper Simplicity, Prepare It in Advance (See Recipes Below)

### Simple Suppers

Feel rushed on wash day? Too tired to put together a big meal?

That's the way a lot of our home-makers feel, so you're not the only one. But I have some nice ideas for those washday blues with a number of quick dinners, or suppers, if you prefer calling a simple meal that instead of the other.

The trick to making mealtime easy on washday is to get as much of the supper together before you become involved with washday. Make a jellied salad while you're waiting for the breakfast stragglers to come down to eat, and prepare a casserole that can be refrigerated until baking time, and plan to have soft canned, chilled fruit with homemade cookies as a dessert. Round these main foods out with beverage, bread and butter and your dinner's prepared.

There are loads of casserole dishes that won't suffer any by being refrigerated before baking, and I've selected a few of these to pass on to you today. Cheese is good and very nourishing, too, if you want a substitute for meat. Leftover vegetables combined with shreds of meat from the Sunday roast also whip up nicely into one of those all inclusive entrees for washday.

How would you like to serve this Cheese and Noodle Pie? Yes, it's actually made like a pie and is served simply by slicing in wedges.

### Cheese and Noodle Pie.

(Serves 4 to 5)

- 3 tablespoons shortening or bacon drippings
- 2 tablespoons chopped, green pepper
- 1 cup milk
- 2 bouillon cubes
- 1 cup soft bread crumbs
- 2 eggs, beaten
- ½ teaspoon salt
- 2 teaspoons grated onion
- 2 cups cooked medium noodles (8 ounces, uncooked)

Wedges of American cheese. Melt shortening in pan, add green pepper and saute for 5 minutes, then add milk and bouillon cubes. Heat until cubes are dissolved. Add remaining ingredients, except cheese and turn into a buttered baking dish, a nine-inch pie plate. Bake in a moderately slow (325-degree) oven for 35 minutes, or until the custard is set. Cut 3 slices of cheese, and then cut these into 4 wedges. Place on top of the hot pie.

Wedges of American cheese. Melt shortening in pan, add green pepper and saute for 5 minutes, then add milk and bouillon cubes. Heat until cubes are dissolved. Add remaining ingredients, except cheese and turn into a buttered baking dish, a nine-inch pie plate. Bake in a moderately slow (325-degree) oven for 35 minutes, or until the custard is set. Cut 3 slices of cheese, and then cut these into 4 wedges. Place on top of the hot pie.

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### Lynn Chambers' Menus

- Baked Stuffed Fish
- Anchovy Sauce Fried Potatoes
- Stuffed Beets
- Lettuce Salad
- Chocolate Cream Pie
- Beverage

the sharp points to the center. Increase oven temperature to moderately hot (400 degrees) and bake 10 minutes to melt and brown the cheese. Cut pie into wedges and serve piping hot.

Leftover vegetables need not furnish good material for the garbage pail. If you have several of them, combine them into delightful timbales for supper with a cheese sauce to go with them. A cheese sauce is easily made by melting ½ pound of cheese with ½ cup of milk in the top part of the double boiler while the timbales are baking.

### Vegetable Timbales.

(Serves 4 to 6)

- 1½ cups cooked peas
- 1½ cups cooked, drained corn
- 1 cup drained, canned tomatoes
- 1 tablespoon chopped onion
- 1½ cups soft bread crumbs
- 3 eggs
- ½ cup melted butter or substitute
- Salt and pepper to taste

Mix all ingredients with a fork and add seasoning to taste. Pour into seven buttered custard cups and bake in a pan of water in a moderate (350-degree) oven for 45 to 50 minutes. Serve with cheese sauce.

If you are using all the eggs which rightfully belong to the diet, there's no better way to prepare them than curried. Here is a dish that can be prepared in the morning—yes, stuff the eggs and make the cream sauce. Then 15 minutes or so before dinner, light the oven and pop them in to heat.

### Curried Deviled Eggs.

(Serves 6)

- 12 hard-cooked eggs
- 1 teaspoon dry mustard
- 1 teaspoon grated onion
- Mayonnaise or salad dressing
- Salt and pepper
- 3 tablespoons butter
- 6 tablespoons flour
- 1½ teaspoons curry powder
- 3 cups milk
- 3 cups cooked peas
- ½ teaspoon sage
- 1 teaspoon sugar

Halve eggs lengthwise. Remove yolks. Mash. Add mustard, onion, and enough salad dressing to moisten. Season to taste with salt and pepper. Beat egg whites with yolk mixture. Heat butter, blend in flour and curry powder; gradually add milk. Cook over boiling water, stirring constantly until thick. Season to taste with salt and pepper and cook 5 minutes. Arrange 4 halved eggs in individual serving or baking dishes and pour sauce over eggs. Combine peas, sage and sugar and arrange in border around the eggs. Bake in a moderately hot (375-degree) oven for 15 minutes or until thoroughly heated.

A dessert that can be started baking before the Curried Deviled Eggs is this quick and easy Fudge Cake. It takes it easy on shortening.

### Fudge Cake.

(Eight-inch square pan)

- 2 squares chocolate
- ½ cup shortening
- 1 cup sugar
- 2 eggs
- ½ cup sifted flour
- ½ teaspoon salt
- 1 cup chopped nuts

Melt chocolate and shortening to gether. Blend in other ingredients. Bake in a greased square pan, in a moderate (350-degree) oven for 35 minutes.

Released by Western Newspaper Union.

### SEWING CIRCLE PATTERNS

## Yoke Frock for Mother-Daughter

A Simple Twosome for Spring



### Mother-Daughter Frock

HERE is a sparkling parallel idea for mother and daughter—pretty round yoked frocks with cool cap sleeves, snugly fitting waist and full cut skirt. Use a brightly striped or flowered fabric for the lower part of the dress and make the yoke of a contrasting shade. Grow-up and growing up charmers.

Pattern 8881 is for sizes 12, 14, 16, 18 and 20. Size 14, upper dress, 2½ yards of 35 or 39-inch material; contrasting yoke and sleeves, ¼ yard; 6 yards tie rack. Pattern No. 8882 comes in sizes 2, 4, 6, 8 and 10 years. Size 4, lower dress, 1½ yards of 35 or 39-inch material; contrasting yoke and sleeves, ¼ yard.

### Whale Shark of 12 Tons

Inoffensive as a Kitten

While all sharks are usually regarded as being among the most dangerous of fishes, the whale shark, *Rhincodon typus*, which is the largest species of shark and the world's largest fish, is as inoffensive as a kitten, says Collier's. Reaching a length of about 60 feet and a weight of 12 tons, and feeding on small organisms, this giant never attacks and never is attacked by other fish.

Even when harpooned, it puts up no fight and rarely makes any attempt to escape.

### Bake sweeter, tastier bread!

use FLEISCHMANN'S FRESH ACTIVE YEAST



NO WAITING—no extra steps! Full-strength—Fleischmann's fresh active Yeast goes right to work. Makes sweeter, finer bread! And makes it faster! You can be surer of tender, smooth texture—lightness—delicious flavor every time!

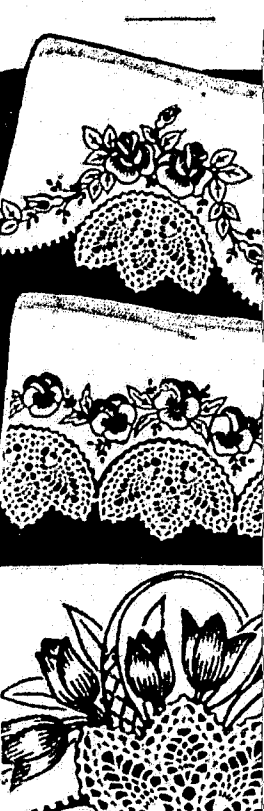
IF YOU BAKE AT HOME, insist on Fleischmann's fresh active Yeast with the familiar yellow label. It's dependable—America's tested favorite for more than 75 years.

Always fresh—at your grocer's

For Safety—Invest in Your Own Country Buy United States Savings Bonds!

FOR QUICK RELIEF FROM MUSCULAR ACHES STIFF JOINTS • TIRED MUSCLES • SPRAINS • STRAINS • BRUISES What you NEED is SLOAN'S LINIMENT

Lovely Needlework That's Refreshing



FOR a magic effect in linens, embroidered borders in natural colors off with a pineapple croch.

The crochet motif can be made in many ways. Pattern 795 has a motif averaging 4½ by 12 inches.

Due to an unusually large current conditions, slightly more required in filling orders for most popular pattern numbers.

Sewing Circle Needlework, 82 Eighth Ave. Enclose 20 cents for pattern.

Name: Address:

New Cuts Give Diamonds More Fire and Brilliance

For nearly 300 years, and American gem have cut 98 per cent of diamonds in the "brilliant" cut. The 58-facet cut reflected a greater light than any larger number of surfaces, say. Recently, however, New York firms created new designs of their King Cut with 86 facets, Facet Cut with 96 and the Facet Cut with 102—which give a diamond more fire and brilliance.

CLOTHES

STRONG—HARDY—IMMEDIATE SHIPMENT 100 FOR \$2.00 220 FOR \$2.00 SEND CASH AND WE WILL SHIP AT THE EMMONS EAST HARTLAND, VT.

YOU can have a BETTER GARDEN with FERRY SEED

FERRY-MORSE SEED DETROIT 31 SAN FRANCISCO

THEY'VE MOVED

Listen to "THOSE WEBS" your favorite radio

ON THE AIR QUAKER C

Be sure to list Sundays 6-6:30

When Billy, Liz, Jo the WEBSTERS and friends unpack a fun and family

YANKEE NET In NEW ENGL







**Classified Advertising**

Twenty-five words or less, one week, 25 cents; second week, 15 cents; each additional week, 10 cents.

Each word more than 25, one cent per word the first week and one-half cent per word each succeeding week.

**FOR SALE**

**AT GRAVES WE HAVE ON HAND:** One Automatic Washer, 60 Cycle, \$22.95. One Premier Vacuum Cleaner, 60 cycle, \$54.50. Inner spring mattress, 20x74. Also a full line of Furniture. M. GRAVES FURNITURE STORE, cor Maine Ave. and Pine St., Tel 221-W, Rumford, Maine.

**FOR SALE—Guernsey Cow,** Due to freshen April 12. WILBUR DAVIS, Tel 22-1.

**FOR SALE—Five Burner Wickless oil stove with oven.** Like new. Inquire at REYNOLDS JEWELRY STORE.

**STRAWBERRY PLANTS FOR SALE—\$3.50 per hundred.** Untrimmed plants at the farm \$12.00 per thousand for 2000 or more. EARLY SLOPE FARM, N. Bridgton, Me. 15p

**FOR SALE—Oak extension dining table.** H. E. LITTLEFIELD, 15p

Baked Beans and Brown Bread to take out. Order Fridays. Fried Clams—Tuesdays and Fridays. BETHEL RESTAURANT. 12p

**MISCELLANEOUS**

**WANTED—Copies of Lapham's History of Rumford.** STUART MARTIN, Rumford Point. 1p

**YOU BRING 'EM, WE FIX 'EM.** Shoes, Rubbers, and harnesses. Pulp hooks and cant dog hooks. E. M. KNIGHT, Rumford Point, Me. 15p

**WOOLEN MATERIAL—Dark, Pastels, Plaids—Light, Medium, Heavy Weight.** Pocket Books and Knitting Bags. ELIZABETH REYNOLDS, Tel. 20-11. 15p

**Have Tractor—Attached Wood-sawing outfit and will saw wood on appointment.** L. O. MILLETT, Tel. 21-2. 15p-1p

**Leave Shoes at Chamberlin's Store for repair and clothes to clean Wednesday and Saturday.** EXCEL CLEANERS AND DYERS, INC., Auburn, Maine. 44p

**LEAVE SHOES AT EARL DAVIS' for repair.** RICHER'S SHOE SHOP, Gorham, N. H. 40p

**BUSINESS CARDS**

**E. L. GREENLEAF**  
OPTOMETRIST

will be at his rooms over  
Rowe's Store

**SATURDAY, APRIL 6**

**Mrs. Ruth W. Hopkins**

**SPIRELLA CORSETIERE**

Rumford Point, Maine

PHONE RUMFORD 927M4

FOR APPOINTMENT

IN BETHEL WEDNESDAYS

**HALL'S BARBER SHOP**

MAIN STREET

**Dr. Ralph O. Hood**

Osteopathic Physician

at the home of

Mrs. Nadie Brooks

Mondays 10 a. m. to 5 p. m.

Evening by appointment

**GERRY BROOKS**

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Broad Street

BETHEL, MAINE

Telephone 74

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Funeral Home

Modern Ambulance and Equipment

PHONE 112 BETHEL, ME

24 HOURS SERVICE

**Your War Bond**

Investment Is

Your Investment

In America

**CHURCH ACTIVITIES****CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH**

John J. Foster, Minister

9:45 Church School. Mrs. Lotan

Hutchinson, superintendent.

11:00 Morning Worship. Holy

Communion.

5:30 Pilgrim Fellowship in Gar-

land Chapel.

A meeting of the Assessors, Col-

lector and Treasurer will be held

at the Manse on Sunday afternoon

at four o'clock.

The Guild will meet on Wednes-

day, April 10th, at the home of Mrs.

Ann Munst at 8 o'clock. Mrs. Doris

Lord will conduct the devotional

service. Mrs. Maudie Brown and

Mrs. Louise Lathrop will be in

charge of the program.

The mid-week Lenten service will

be held on Thursday evening at

7:30 in the church auditorium. Rev

Edwin Tewksbury of Auburn, will

be the guest speaker.

**METHODIST CHURCH**

William Penner, Pastor

9:45 Church School. Miss Minnie

Wilson, superintendent.

11:00 Morning Worship Service

Sermon theme: "And Lead Us Not

into Temptation, But Deliver Us

From Evil." This is the seventh

meditation in the Lord's Prayer

series.

Choir rehearsal, 2:30 Sunday af-

ternoon.

7:00 Special program by the

Youth Fellowship at the Church.

Leader of the devotional service,

John Brown. Mr. Yang Yen-Chin

from China will address the group.

All members and friends of this

church are invited to this meeting.

The Young People from the Rum-

ford Point and Rumford Center

churches are invited as guests. At-

ter the meeting all young people

are invited to a social hour in the

church basement.

The Eleanor Gordon Guild will

have its next regular meeting on

Wednesday, April 10, at the home of

Mrs. Everett Bean at 7:30 o'clock.

The next Union Lenten Service

will be held on Thursday, April 11,

at the Congregational Church. The

speaker will be the Rev. Edwin

Tewksbury, of the Methodist

Church in Auburn.

The Central Oxford Council of

Churches is sponsoring a canned

food collection through the church-

es for relief to the millions of

starving people in the war torn

countries. All members and friends

are asked to bring their contribu-

tions to the church, Sunday, April

7th. Let us be truly helpful.

**CHRISTIAN SCIENCE SOCIETY**

Sunday services at 10:45 A. M.

All are cordially invited to attend.

"Unreality" is the subject of the

Lesson-Sermon that will be read

in all Churches of Christ, Scientist

on Sunday, April 7.

The Golden Text is: "There is

that maketh himself rich, yet hateth

nothing; there is that maketh him-

self poor, yet hath great riches"

(Proverbs 13:7)

The citations from the Bible in-

clude the following passages: "Sing

unto the Lord all the earth, show

forth from day to day his salva-

tion: Declare his glory among the

nations; his marvelous works

among all nations" (1 Chron. 16: 23

24)

The Lesson-Sermon also includes

the following selections from the

Christian Science textbook, "Bel-

iance and Health with Key to the

Scriptures" by Mary Baker Eddy:

"There is but one primal cause:

Therefore there can be no effect

from any other cause and there

can be no reality in origin which

does not proceed from this great

and only one. The spiritual reali-

ty is the scientific fact in all

things. Spiritual facts are not fac-

tive to the material world, which

has no real existence to spiritual-

ity and is not subject to destruc-

tion and death" (12: 2-28 37: 31)

**BORN**

In Rumford, March 27, to Mr and

Mrs. William W. North New-

born son, Stephen Willard.

In Rumford, April 1, to Mr and

Mrs. Walter Brown of Bethel a

daughter.

In Rumford, April 1, to Mr and

Mrs. Arthur Maynard of Bethel a

son.

**MARRIED**

In Bethel, March 12, to Rev. Wil-

son and Miss V. L. Lathrop of

Bethel and Miss V. L. Lathrop of

Bethel.

In Bethel, March 28, to Mr and

Mrs. J. W. Jones of Bethel and

Mrs. J. W. Jones of Bethel.

**DIED**

In Bethel, March 20, aged 1

year, daughter of Rev. J. W. Jones

and Mrs. J. W. Jones.

In Bethel, March 21, aged 23

years, son of Mr and Mrs. J. W.

Jones.

**SCHOOL SAVINGS**

Week of April 1, 1946

Grade Sav. Bank Total P. C.

I \$10.00 \$4.25 42

II \$1.00 \$4.00 40

III \$1.00 \$3.50 35

IV \$1.00 \$3.00 30

V \$1.00 \$2.50 25

VI \$1.00 \$2.00 20

VII \$1.00 \$1.50 15

VIII \$1.00 \$1.00 10

Total \$23.00 \$21.50

March and April have ban-

tered

**MONUMENTS**

JAMES P. MURPHY CO.

INC.

Lewiston Monumental Works

"Over 60 Years of Experience"

Write For Catalogue

1-10 Bates St. Lewiston, Me.

**MAINE Vet's TOPICS**  
By Pete Regis

**MAINE COUNCIL OF VETERANS AFFAIRS**

The War Assets Administration and the Reconstruction Finance Corporation maintain field offices located all over the country. Any one of them may help a veteran seeking to buy surplus property, but wherever possible he should visit or write a War Assets Administration office to save time.

Any honorably discharged or released veteran who served in the armed forces on or after September 16, 1940 is entitled to preference in buying surplus federal property.

Here is a check list showing the various steps which must be followed in buying surplus government property: Keep this list and check off each step after you have completed it so that you will not be prevented from getting the property you want because of lack of paper work.

1. Take your discharge paper, terminal leave paper or other proof that you are a veteran of world war I to the nearest War Assets Administration office (formerly Smaller War Plants Corporation).

2. Present to the War Assets Administration or to a disposal agency for forwarding to War Assets Administration a description of your business, profession or employment in which you will use the surplus government property, and a list of the kinds and quantities of property you wish to purchase.

3. Get a certificate from the War Assets Administration stating that you have preference rights as a veteran to buy surplus government property and listing the kind and quantities of such property which you want to buy. If there are different kinds of surplus property involved, the War Assets Administration may give the veteran more than one certificate.

4. Present the certificate to disposal agency actually selling the property you want to buy. The War Assets Corporation Corporation will help you find the proper disposal agency.

5. Upon learning from the disposal agency where the property you wish to buy and inspecting it, probably want to inspect this property yourself, and if you desire you have that right.

6. Upon finding property that you wish to buy and inspecting it for condition, arrange payments with the disposal agency. In some cases credit may be obtained from the Reconstruction Finance Corporation.

7. After you have paid for the property or completed your credit arrangements, inform the disposal agency where you want the property shipped.

The nearest War Assets Administration office is located at 142 High Street, Portland, Maine.

Arch Soutar reports that a Lewiston post of the Marine Corps League is in the process of formation. Those interested are invited to contact Phil St. Pierre at 65 Victor News.

Robert Roberts, American Legion Service Officer at Dover Foxcroft, tells us that on-the-job training program is being backed a hundred percent in his community. A great many vets are going back to school, he reported.

**THE REYNOLDS**

JEWELRY STORE  
TELEPHONE 93

**MAKE OLD FLOORS LOOK LIKE NEW**

Lin-x 95c Pt. \$1.70 Qt.  
Plastex \$2.95 Qt.

Double-X Floor Cleaner  
Removes Varnish and Shellac  
4 1-2 oz. 25c 1 lb. 75c

**Brown's Variety Store**

**BRYANT'S IGA MARKET**  
Self Service

**GOLD MEDAL WHITE FLOUR**

50 lb. Bag - \$2.98

**Other Specials As Usual**

**FOOD IGA STORE**  
Home-Operated

**NEWRY CORNER**

The Farm Bureau meeting for

April will be held the 25th at Mrs.

Roland Fleet's home, who also will

be in charge of the meeting in

Walls and Wall Finishes.

Mrs. Grace Hulbert and Barbara

spent several days at home here

last week.

A dance was held Friday night

sponsored by Bear River Grange

for the benefit of the Red Cross.

Mrs. Daise Warren and Mrs. El-

abra Wight were making calls in

town Sunday.

Mrs. Herbert Morton Jr and fam-

ily have been visiting her par-

ents in Auburn.

Schools in and about town were

re-opened Monday after a week's

vacation.

Mr and Mrs Willard Wight have

a son born March 27. He has been

named Stephen Willard Wight.

Mr and Mrs Phillip Deroche and

family are staying at Joe Merrill's

for a while. Mr Deroche has work in

Bennett's Garage, Bethel.

**SOUTH BETHEL**

Mrs. Guy Parker spent Sunday in

Levell at the home of her parents,

Mr and Mrs Levi Butters.

Leah Spinney was in Rumford

Saturday with Mr and Mrs Sey-

mour butters.

Mrs. Mrs. Horace Tibbets

were in Norway Saturday.

Mrs. Bessie Reynolds called at

the home of Jim Spinney one day

recently.

Ramsey Reynolds of Sunday River

spent Tuesday at Jim Spinney's.